

Cornell University
Spring 2016
ECON 4905
Financial Fragility and the Macroeconomy

Problem Set 1
Due: 2/24/15

Problem 1: Inside money

$$t = 1, 2$$
$$l = 1$$
$$h = 1, \dots, n$$

Define notation.

- a) Show that the competitive equilibrium allocation $x = (x_1, \dots, x_h, \dots, x_n)$ for the money market economy is the same as the competitive equilibrium allocation in the futures market economy.
- b) Why is the allocation independent of p^m if $p^m > 0$? Give the full economic intuition for the case $p^m > 0$.
- c) Give the full economic intuition of the case $p^m = 0$

Problem 2: Outside Money, static economy

$$\begin{aligned}\omega &= (\omega_1, \omega_2, \omega_3, \omega_4, \omega_5, \omega_6, \omega_7) \\ &= (100, 90, 80, 70, 60, 50, 40)\end{aligned}$$

Solve the following for \mathcal{P}^m , the set of equilibrium money prices P^m .

a) $\tau = (5, 4, 1, 0, -1, -4, -5)$

b) $\tau = (5, 3, 0, 0, -1, -2, -3)$

c) $\tau = (1, 1, 1, 0, -1, -1, -1)$

d) $\tau = (3, 2, 1, 0, -1, -1, -2)$

Problem 3: Two currencies.

Red dollars, R .

Blue dollars, B .

$$\omega = (10, 9, 8, 7, 6)$$

Solve for exchange rates. Show units.

$$\begin{aligned} \text{a) } \tau^R &= (5, 4, 0, -5, -5) \\ \tau^B &= (1, 1, 1, 0, 0) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{b) } \tau^R &= (1, 1, 1, 1, 1) \\ \tau^B &= (1, 1, -1, -1, -1) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{c) } \tau^R &= (2, -1, -1, -1, -1) \\ \tau^B &= (-1, 2, 2, 2, 2) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{d) } \tau^R &= (5, 0, 0, 0, -5) \\ \tau^B &= (1, -1, 0, 0, 0) \end{aligned}$$

e) Why are the exchange rates independent of ω ?