# Economics 4905 Fall 2016 Cornell University Financial Fragility and the Macroeconomy

## **Problem Set 3** Due: Wednesday, October 5, 2016

### 1. Diamond-Dybvig Bank #1

The probability  $\lambda$  of being impatient is 50%. The utility function is:

$$u(c) = 10 - \frac{1}{(0.5)\sqrt{c}}.$$

The rate of return to the asset harvested late is 400%, i.e.,

R = 5.

- (a) What is the depositor's *ex-ante* expected utility W as a function of  $c_1$ , consumption in period 1, and  $c_2$ , consumption in period 2?
- (b) Show that the depositor prefers consumption smoothing.
- (c) Why can't the depositor insure on the market or self-insure against liquidity shocks?

Assume that her endowment is 100 and that she deposits her entire endowment in the bank.

- (d) What is her utility W in autarky?
- (e) What is her utility W under perfect smoothing, i.e. when  $c_1 = c_2$ ?
- (f) What is the bank's resource constraint RC? Write this down precisely. Explain this in words.
- (g) What is the incentive problem? Write this down precisely and explain in words the incentive constraint IC.

- (h) Find the optimal deposit contract for this bank. What is W if there is no run?
- (i) Why is there a run equilibrium for this bank?
- (j) Calculate the following numerical values of *ex-ante* utility W and and rank them in numerical ascending order:  $W_{autarky}$ ,  $W_{perfect\ smoothing}$ ,  $W_{no\ run}$ ,  $W_{run}$ .
- (k) Assume that the run probability s is 2%. Will individuals deposit in this bank? That is, will they accept this banking contract? Explain.

#### 2. Diamond-Dybvig Bank #2

The probability of being impatient is  $\frac{1}{2}$ . The type (patient or impatient) is realized in period 1 and it is private information. The utility function is:

$$u(c) = \frac{c^{1-\gamma}}{1-\gamma},$$

where  $\gamma = \frac{1}{2}$ . Each individual has one unit of endowment in period 0. There is costless storage. If the endowment is invested in period 0 and is harvested in period 1, the rate of return is 0. If harvested late, the rate of return is 5. Assume that the banking industry is free-entry.

- (a) What is the depositor's *ex-ante* expected utility W as a function of  $c_1$  consumption in period 1, and  $c_2$ , consumption in period 2?
- (b) Show that the depositor prefers consumption smoothing. [That is, she prefers  $(c_1 + c_2)/2$  in each state if  $c_1 \neq c_2$ .]
- (c) What is the bank's resource constraint RC? Write this down precisely and explain in words.
- (d) What is the incentive problem? Write down the incentive constraint IC precisely, and explain it in words.
- (e) Solve for the optimal deposit contract for the post-deposit bank assuming that there is no run. (That is: Write down the optimal first-period payment  $d_1^*$  as a function of  $\lambda$ , R and  $\gamma$ )
- (f) Is there a run equilibrium to this "optimal contract"?

### 3. The 2-Consumer, Pre-Deposit Bank:

The utility function of the impatient agent is

$$u(x) = \frac{Ax^{1-\gamma}}{1-\gamma}$$

and the utility function of the patient agent is

$$v(x) = \frac{x^{1-\gamma}}{1-\gamma},$$

where  $\gamma > 1$ . The probability  $\lambda$  of being impatient is 50%. The parameter  $\gamma$  is 1.01. The endowment is y = 3. The rate of return on the asset if harvested late is 50%, i.e., R = 1.5. The probability of being first in line if 2 agents withdraw early is 50%.

- (a) Solve for the numerical values of  $c^{early}$  and  $c^{wait}$ . Show that they are independent of the impulse parameter A.
- (b) Write down the expression for the *ex-ante* expected utility of the depositor, W.
- (c) Solve for  $\hat{c}$ , the value of c that maximizes W in the post-deposit game, as a function of A.
- (d) Calculate the critical values  $A^{early}$  and  $A^{wait}$ .
- (e) Let A = 7. Describe the optimal contract for the pre-deposit game,  $c^*(s)$ , as a function of s, the exogenous run probability.